

TUKYSA™ (Tucatinib) | Patient Guided Resource

TUKYSA™ (Tucatinib) is a prescription medicine used with the medicines trastuzumab and capecitabine to treat adults with human epidermal growth factor receptor-2 (HER2) positive breast cancer that has spread to other parts of the body such as the brain (metastatic), or that cannot be removed by surgery, and who have received one or more anti-HER2 breast cancer treatments. It is not known if TUKYSA is safe and effective in children. TUKYSA is a targeted oral treatment.

It's taken as part of a treatment plan that also includes:

- Trastuzumab also known as HERCEPTIN® (an IV medication)
- Capecitabine also known as XELODA® (an oral medication)

How To Use TUKYSA:

Once you receive your TUKYSA medication:

- Work with your healthcare provider to choose the combination of tablets that is right for you
 - TUKYSA comes in both 50-mg and 150-mg tablet versions
 - The approved recommended dose of TUKYSA is to take **TUKYSA 300 mg twice daily with or without food**
- Take TUKYSA exactly as your healthcare provider tells you, your healthcare provider will also help manage your regimen of trastuzumab and capecitabine
- Remember to keep TUKYSA in the original container when not taking it. Also keep the desiccant packet in the container as it helps keep your tablets dry
- Work with your healthcare team to schedule blood tests to check your liver function before starting and every 3 weeks during treatment with TUKYSA, or as needed
- Ask your healthcare team to discuss the OCE sheet on TUKYSA with you (Found on oralchemoedsheets.com)

The most common side effects of TUKYSA include:

- **Diarrhea***
- Rash, redness, pain, swelling or blisters on the palms of your hands or soles of your feet
- Nausea
- Tiredness
- **Increased liver function blood tests***
- Vomiting
- Mouth sores (stomatitis)
- Decreased appetite
- Stomach-area (abdomen) pain
- Headache
- Low red blood cell counts (anemia)
- Rash

You may not experience these side effects. If you experience new symptoms or current symptoms become worse, please contact your healthcare provider as they may decide to lower your dose, delay your dose, or stop treatment

**Tukysa may cause serious side effects including severe diarrhea and liver problems. Your healthcare provider will test your blood to check your liver function and may prescribe medicines to treat diarrhea during treatment with TUKYSA*

Patient Access to Medications

- You can use SeaGen Secure®, a personalized support program to help eligible people navigate out-of-pocket assistance for the cost of their therapy, provide patient assistance and coverage support, and help make connections to community resources and services.
- Call **855.4SECURE** 9:00 am—8:00 pm ET Monday–Friday (or visit SeaGenSecure.com)

References: 1. Tukysa (tucatinib) [prescribing information]. Bothell, WA: Seattle Genetics; April 2020.

Important notice: National Community Oncology Dispensing Association, Inc. (NCODA), has developed this educational platform. This platform represents a brief summary of medication uses and therapy options derived from information provided by the drug manufacturer and other resources. This platform is intended as an educational aid and does not provide individual medical advice and does not substitute for the advice of a qualified healthcare professional. This platform does not cover all existing information related to the possible uses, directions, doses, precautions, warning, interactions, adverse effects, or risks associated with the medication discussed in the platform and is not intended as a substitute for the advice of a qualified healthcare professional. The materials contained in this platform are for informational purposes only and do not constitute or imply endorsement, recommendation, or favoring of this medication by NCODA, which assumes no liability for and does not ensure the accuracy of the information presented. NCODA does not make any representations with respect to the medications whatsoever, and any and all decisions, with respect to such medications, are at the sole risk of the individual consuming the medication. All decisions related to taking this medication should be made with the guidance and under the direction of a qualified healthcare professional.



National Community Oncology
Dispensing Association, Inc.
PASSION FOR PATIENTS
ncoda.org